الدَّرْسُ الأَوَّلُ(١)

This is a house

هَذَا بَيْتُ

Letter to bring to attention or alert

هَا - حَرْفٌ لِلتَّنْبيْه

is a letter that is used to alert or to bring to attention the person who is being addressed and it is mostly connected to أَسْمَاءُ الإِشَارَةِ (nouns of indication).

inoun of indication وَأُ- اِسْمُ الإِشَارَةِ

is pronounced as هَاذًا, but it is written without the first alif.

The اِسْمُ الْإِشَارَةِ is used to point or indicate to people, animals, objects things which can be felt or touched and can also indicate to things that have meaning such as عُلْمٌ 'opinion' or عُلْمٌ 'knowledge'.

This is beneficial knowledge

هَذَا عِلْمٌ نَافِعٌ

اِسْمُ الإِشَارَةِ (هَذَاْ) The table below shows the properties of the

Indicates, points to	الإِشَارَةُ إِلَى
the near	الْقَرِيْبُ
The masculine	الْمُذَكَّرُ
the singular	الْمُفُرَدُ

It can be used to indicate or point to those possessing intellect عَاقِلٌ or things that do not possess intellect غَيْرُ عَاقِلِ.

The Interrogative Noun 'مَا' is used to ask a question about something that does not possess intellect غَيْرُعَاقِلِ and it always comes at the beginning of a sentence. When a word comes at the beginning of a sentence it is called in Arabic صَدُرُ الْحُمْلَة.

Particle/Letter of interrogation or questioning or also known as the Interrogative Hamzah.

The هَمْزَةُ الْإِسْتَفْهَامِ comes at the beginning of the sentence as do all the nouns or particles of questioning. It can be used to ask a question about those possessing intellect as well as the things that do not possess intellect.

The particle of reply \hat{i} is used to reply to a question with affirmation whereas the particle \forall is used to reply to a question with negation.

This interrogative noun is used to ask a question about those who possess intellect عَاقلٌ